



University of
Nottingham

UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

A large, high-resolution image of the Earth as seen from space, showing the curvature of the planet and the blue oceans. The image is framed by a thin white border. The background is a dark, starry space.

Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

Ian Ellis



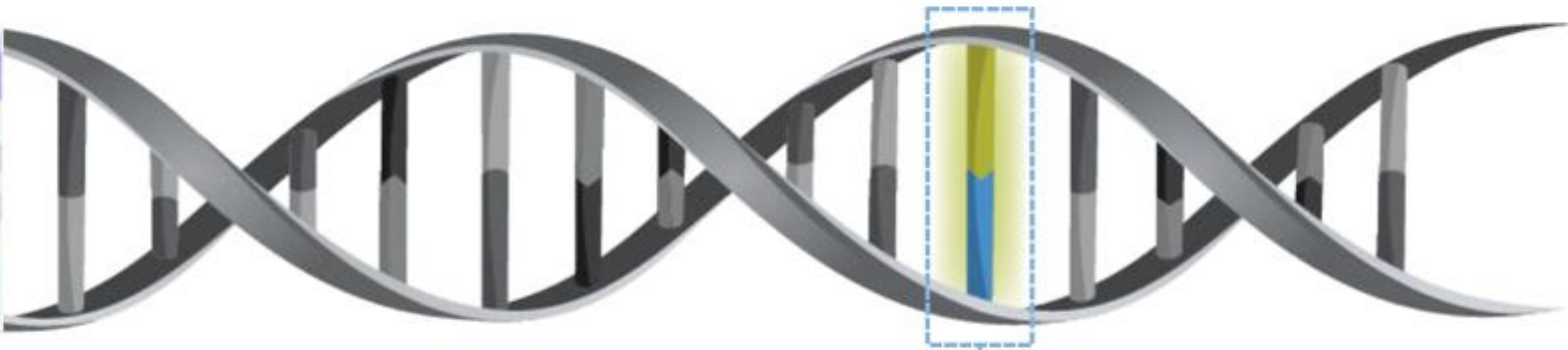
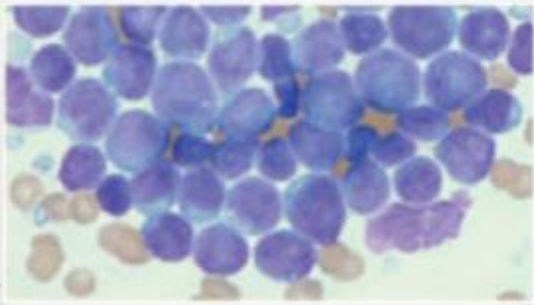
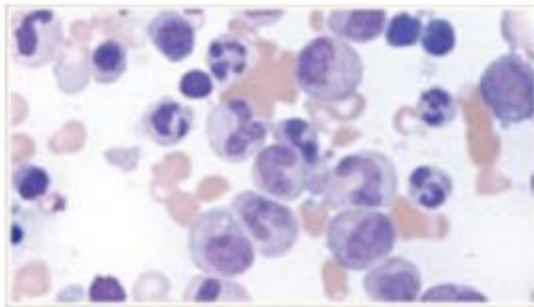
Disclaimer

- The presentations/slide decks may include data on investigational uses of compounds and indications currently under investigation and/or that have not been approved by the relevant regulatory authorities. The information presented and discussed is for non-promotional, scientific and educational purposes and intended for qualified healthcare professionals only. It is strictly forbidden to copy, share, change, or use any part of the presentations/slide decks, without the prior written consent of Novartis.
- Novartis cannot, and is not intended to, make individual patient treatment recommendations. A treatment decision has to be made by the treating physician on a case-by-case basis after careful evaluation of the associated benefits and risks.
- Any data about non-Novartis products are based on publicly available information at the time of presentation.
- Please treat all (non-public) information as confidential and do not communicate or exchange such information with any others until the information is in the public domain.
- Permissions for all content within this material have been received from each copyright holder. Separate use, adaptation, and/or translation requires application for specific use permissions from each copyright holder. Exceptions to the requirement of obtaining permissions may apply when graphics are recrafted to have a distinctively different look and feel than the original.



Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

Cancer is a Disease of the Genome Caused by its Alterations



An effective and efficient tool is required to interrogate the alterations that cause cancer

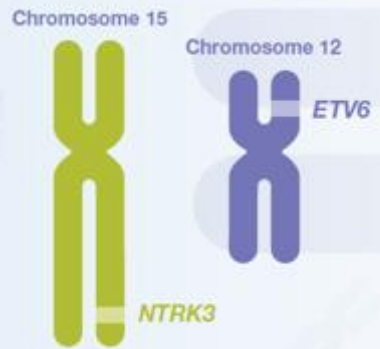




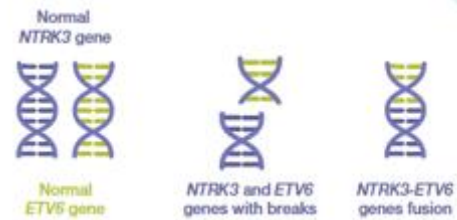
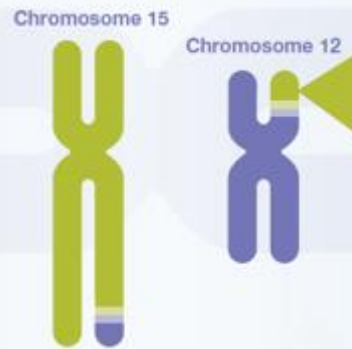
Molecular Alterations in Cancer

Gene translocations and fusions, e.g., *NTRK3*

Before translocation



After translocation



Gene copy number variations (CNVs), e.g., *HER2*

Native



Amplification



Deletion



Insertions and deletions (indels), e.g., *EGFR* exon 19

Native



Insertion

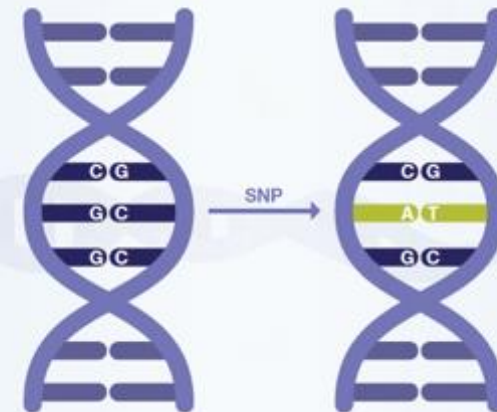


Deletion



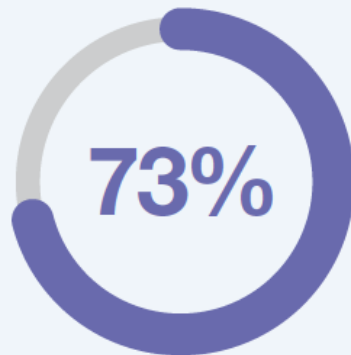
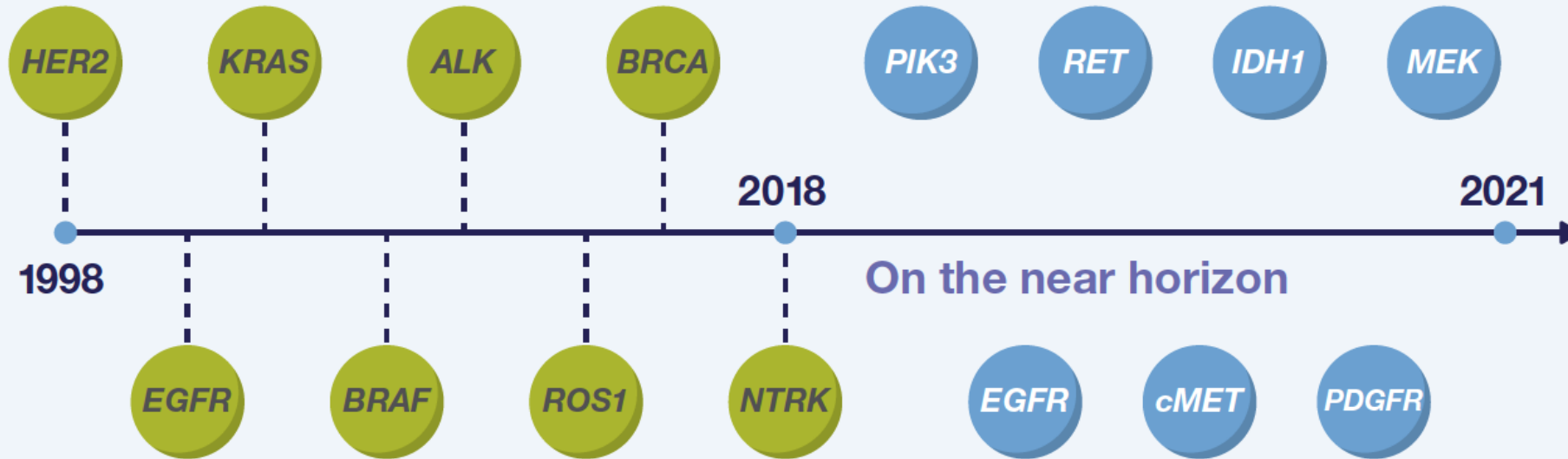
Single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), e.g., *BRAF* V600E

Native





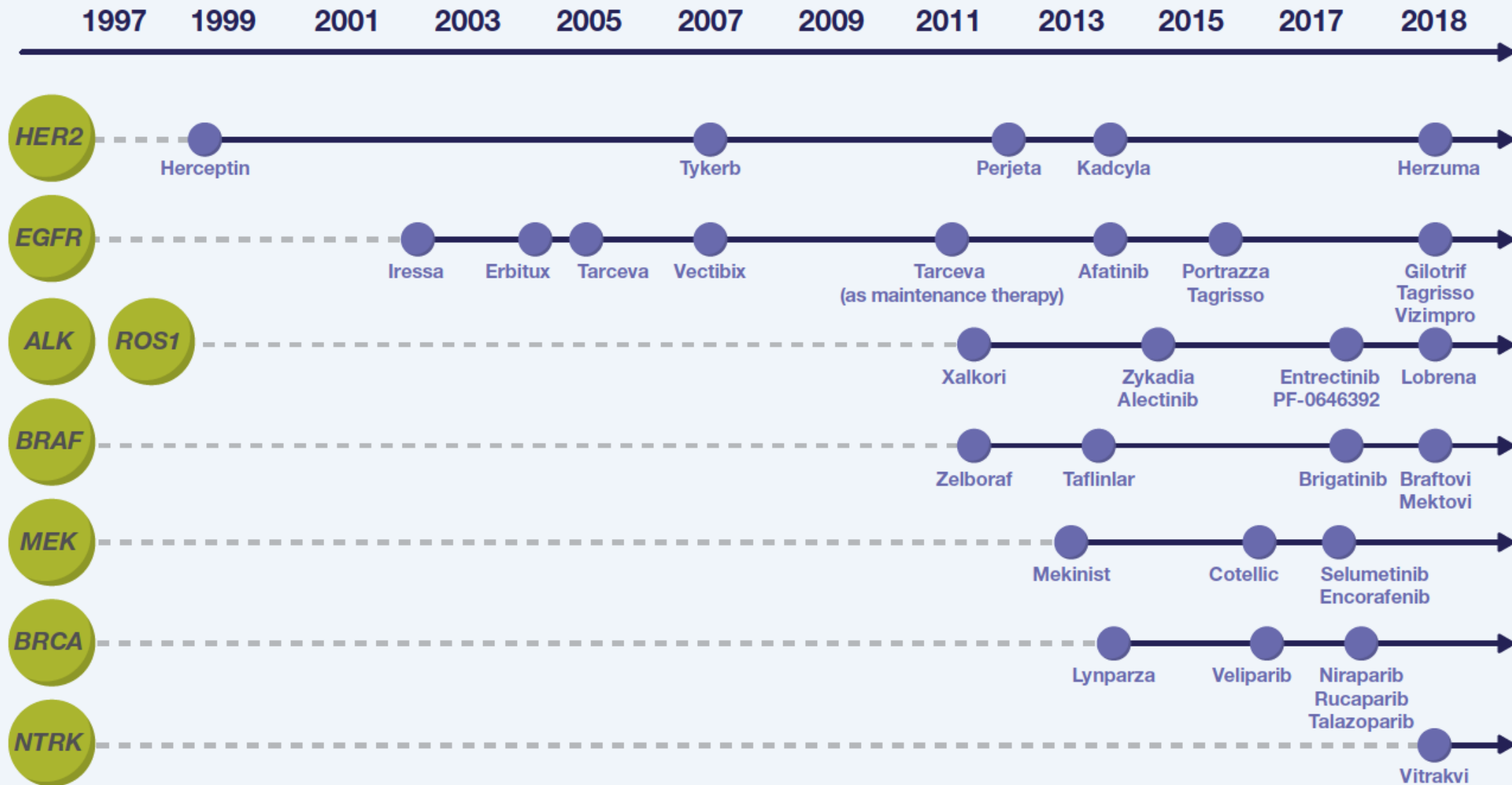
Biomarker development is accelerating



73% of medicines in oncology pipelines have associated biomarkers



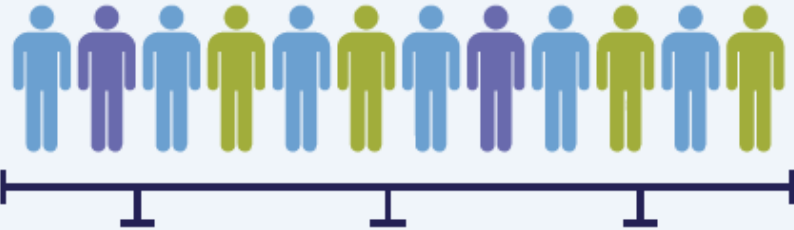
Available targeted medicines – Solid tumours





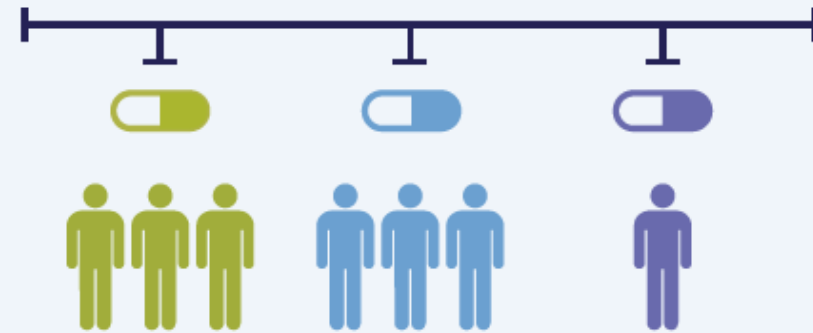
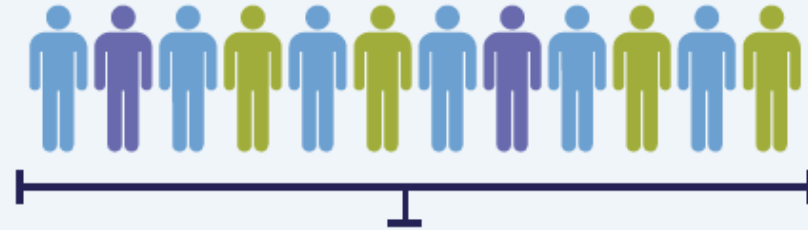
Precision medicine is enabled by molecular profiling

Traditional therapies



Some patients benefit, some patients do not benefit, and some patients experience adverse effects.

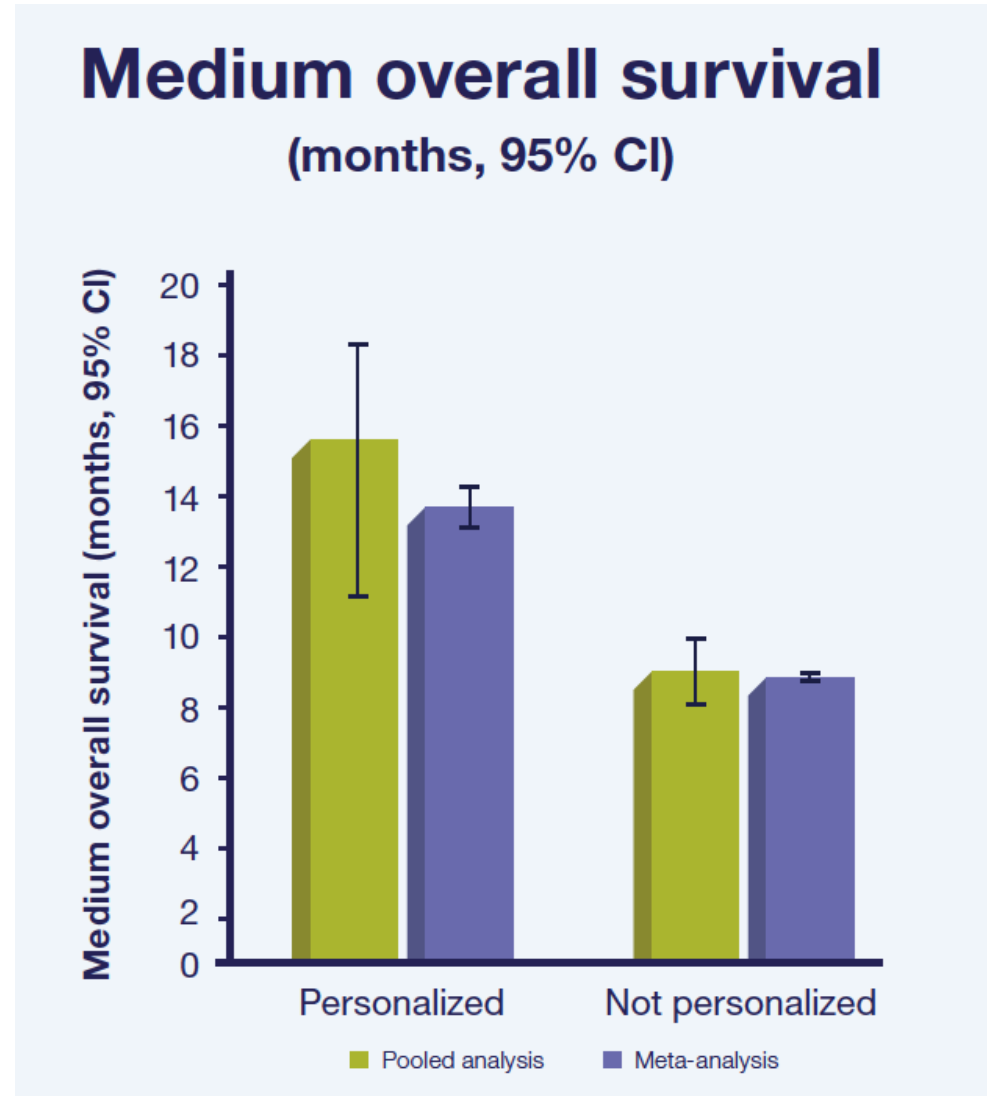
Precision medicine



Each patient is given an individualized treatment.



Precision oncology helps improve patient outcomes

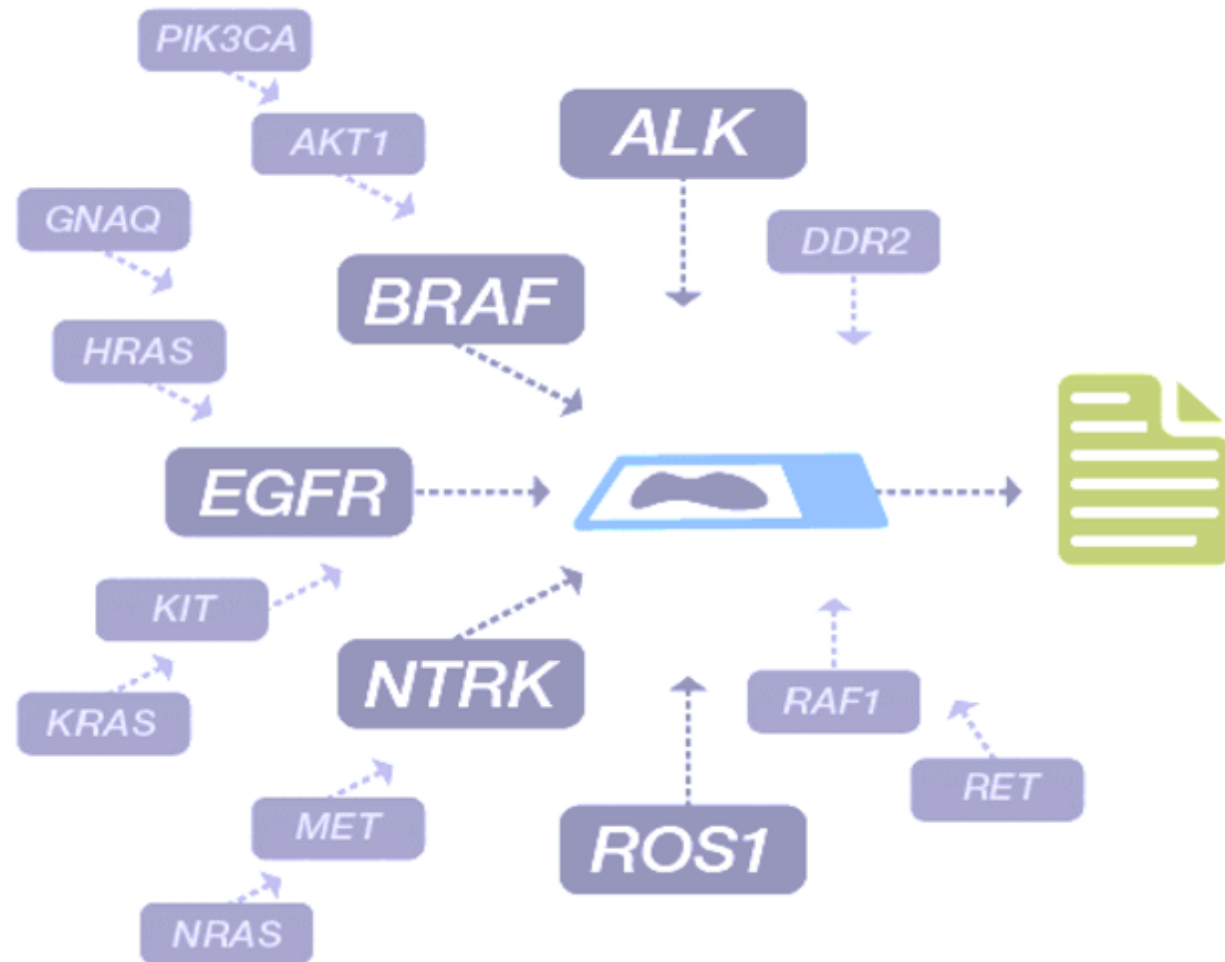




Molecular Testing in Cancer

NGS is a Foundation of Precision Oncology Clinical Research

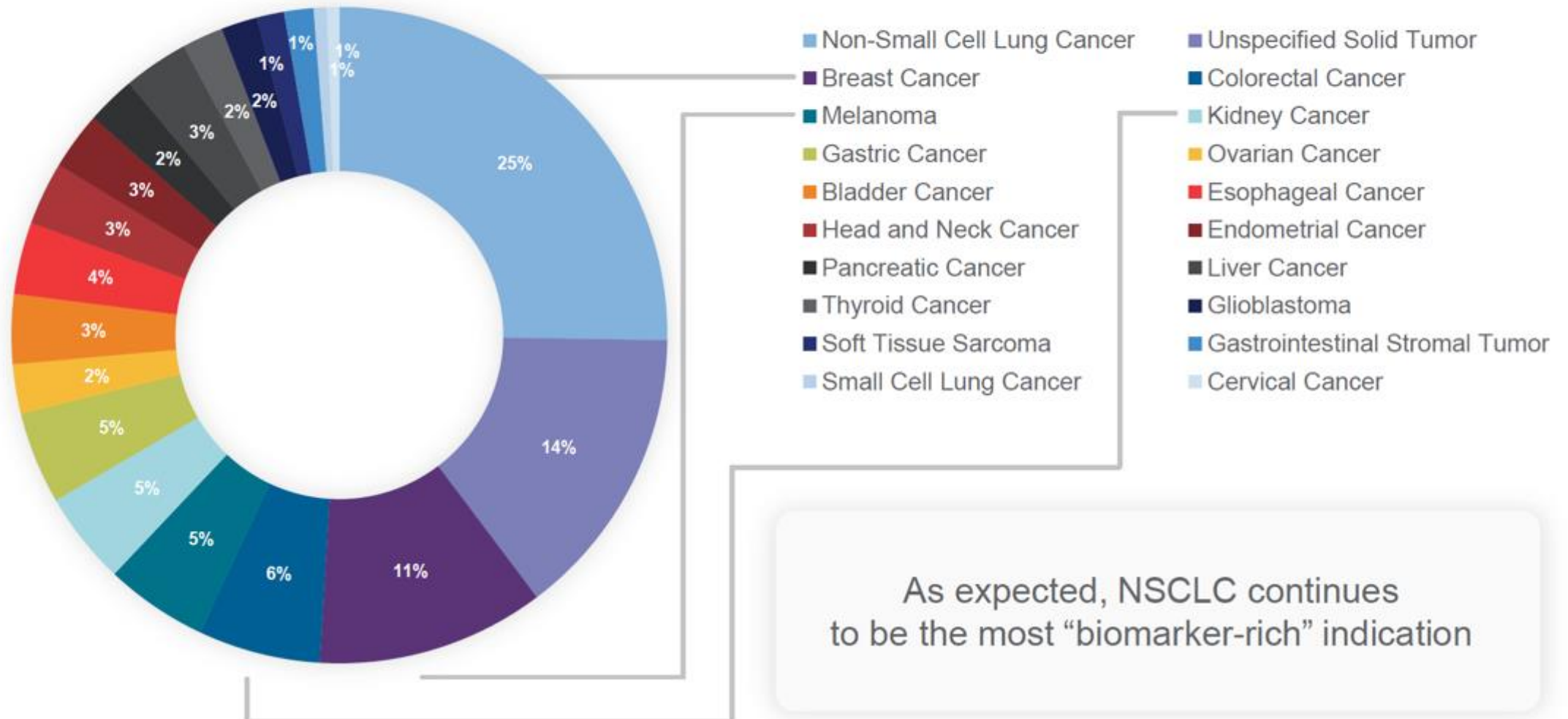
NGS can detect many different types of biomarkers simultaneously from a single sample





Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

Pan-Cancer Clinical Research Application of OPA



HKBCF x Novartis: Gene Testing Financial Assistance Program



ACT Genomics

- ACTDrug® +
- ACTMonitor® Breast
- ACTOnco® +

Hong Kong Molecular Pathology Diagnostic Centre

- Cancer Hotspot NGS Panel
- PIK3CA Hotspot Mutation Test (Blood)
- PIK3CA Hotspot Mutation Test (Tissue)

Hong Kong Sanatorium & Hospital

- **PIK3CA by Sanger sequencing**
- **PIK3CA by NGS**
- Somatic Breast Cancer Panel by NGS

Lucence Diagnostics

- Liquid HALLMARK
- Liquid MARK Breast
- **Liquid MARK single PIK3CA gene**
- Tissue 500
- Tissue HALLMARK
- Tissue MARK Breast
- **Tissue MARK single PIK3CA gene**

Roche

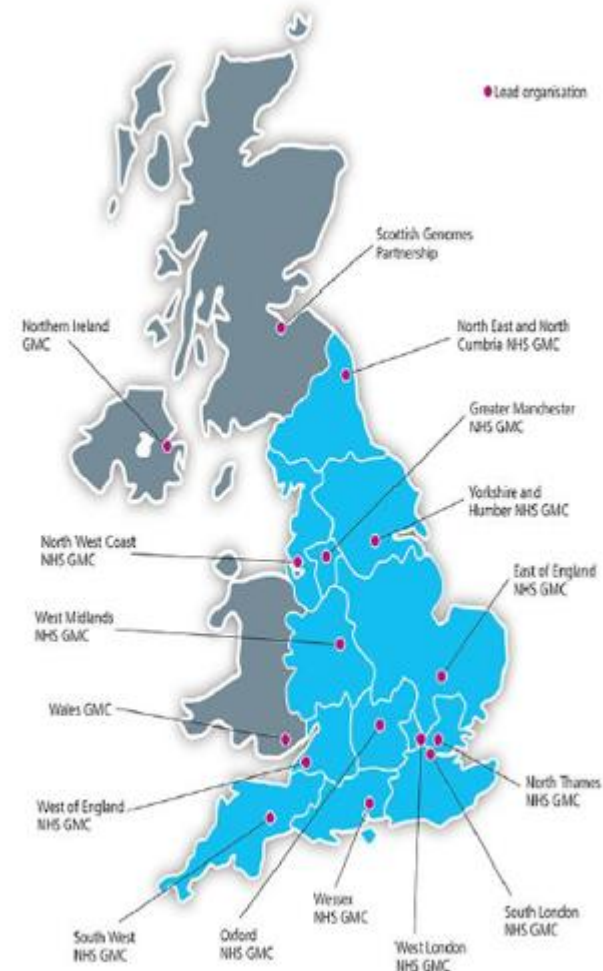
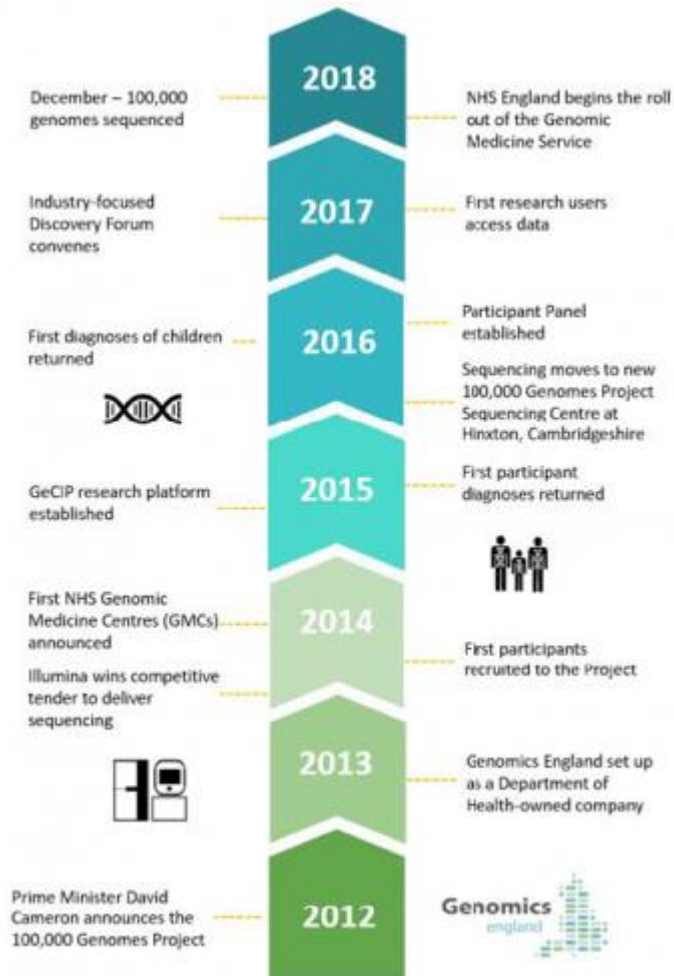
- FoundationOne CDx
- FoundationOne Liquid CDx

University Pathology Service, CUHK

- cfDNA PIK3CA test
- CUHK Somatic Mutation v3 Test for Solid Cancers (Tissue)
- Focused Mutation Panel for solid cancers (Tissue)
- PIK3CA gene hotspot mutation detection (Exon 7, 9 and 20)
- Roche Avenio surveillance mutation panel for solid cancers on peripheral blood (197 genes)
- small RNA fusion panel (15 genes)

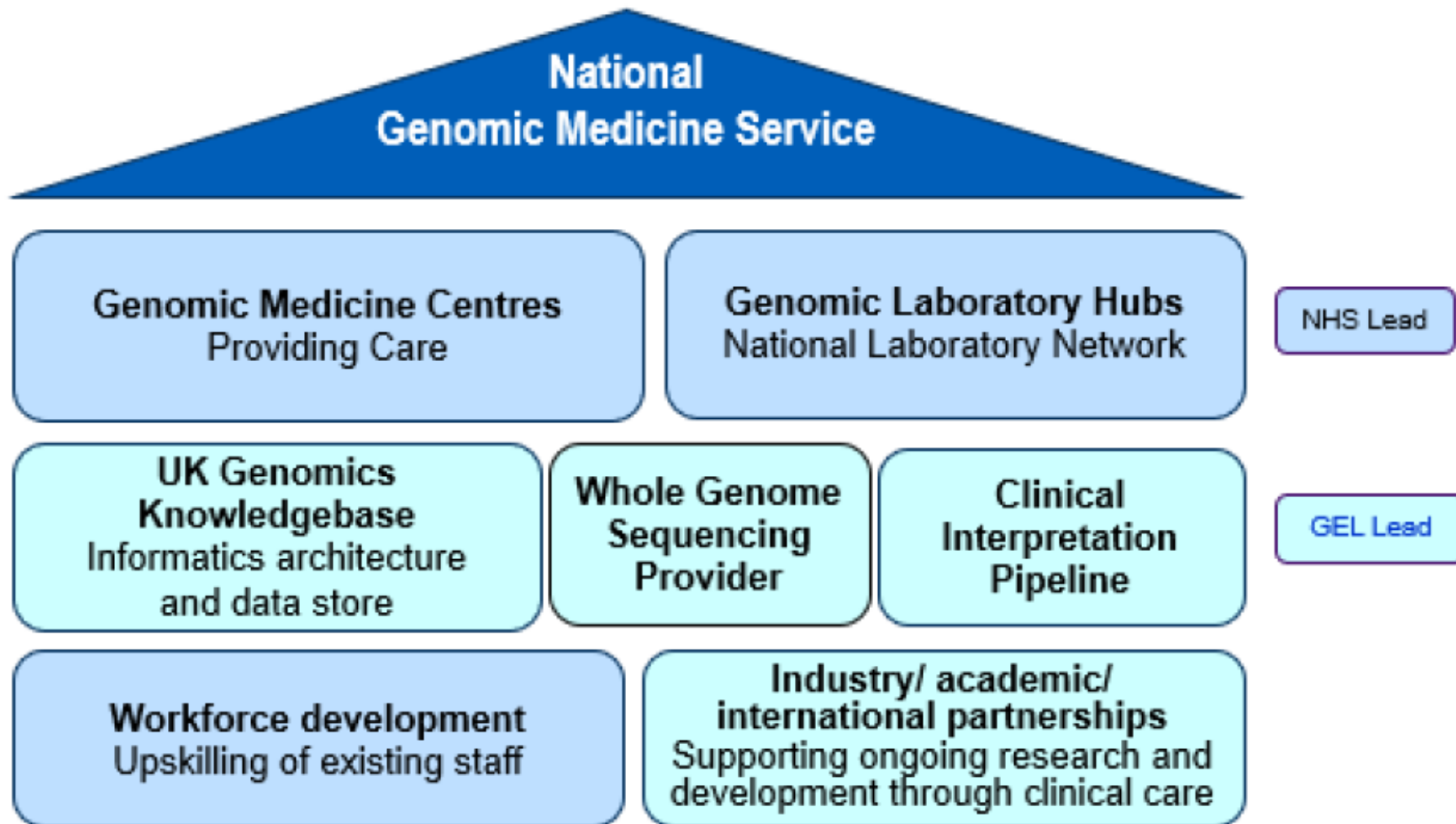


UK 100,000 Genomes Project





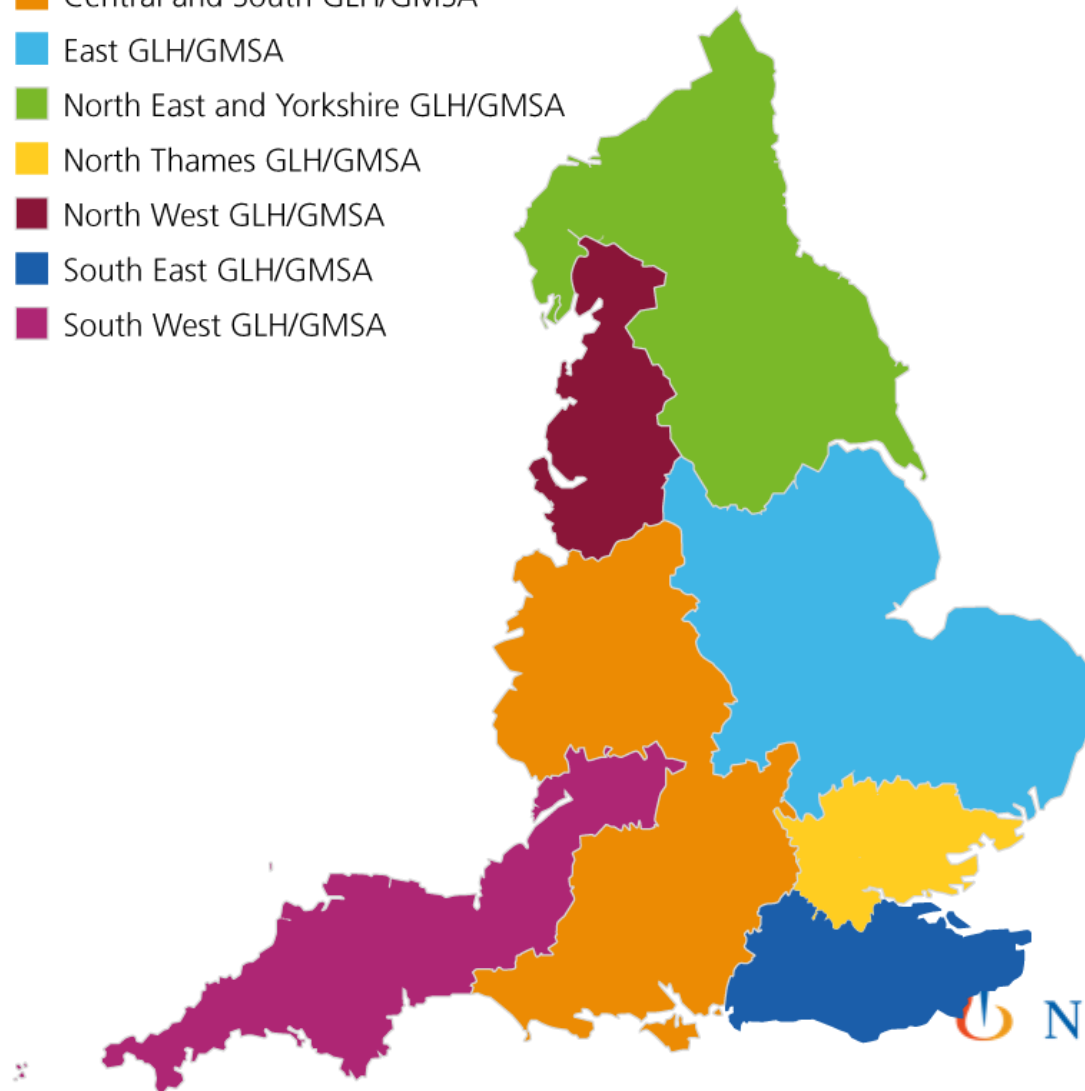
UK Genomic Medicine Service





UK NHS Genomic Medicine Service Regions

- Central and South GLH/GMSA
- East GLH/GMSA
- North East and Yorkshire GLH/GMSA
- North Thames GLH/GMSA
- North West GLH/GMSA
- South East GLH/GMSA
- South West GLH/GMSA





Molecular Testing in Cancer

SOLID CANCER REQUEST FORM (31032022)

CU-SR-FRM-35 Rev 2

PAGE 1 of 3

SOLID CANCER GENOMIC TEST ORDER FORM



PATIENT DETAILS		REFERENCE INFORMATION	
NHS NO.		SUBMITTER HOSPITAL	
HOSPITAL NO.		CLINICIAN NAME	
SURNAME		DEPARTMENT	
FORENAME		CONTACT EMAIL	Secure NHS.net
ETHNICITY		CONTACT PHONE	
SEX	MALE <input type="checkbox"/> FEMALE <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER <input type="checkbox"/>	REQUEST DATE	

SPECIMEN INFORMATION			
SPECIMEN NO		SPECIMEN TYPE	
BLOCK NO.		TISSUE SITE	
DIAGNOSIS		COLLECTION DATE	
REASON FOR REFFERAL			

% TUMOUR CELLS: CIRCLED DOTTED WHOLE SLIDE <10% 10-30% 30-50% 50-70% >70



Molecular Testing in Cancer

NGS SEQUENCING (tick required box)			
CLINICAL INDICATION	TEST CODE	GENES SCREENED (Bold: TSO500 large gene panel only)	ASSAY
<input type="checkbox"/> Colorectal Cancer	M1.1	BRAF, KRAS, NRAS, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6 PMS2, POLE, POLD1	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Colorectal Cancer	M1.6	NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Non Small Cell Lung Cancer	M4.1	ALK, BRAF, EGFR, KRAS, MET	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Non Small Cell Lung Cancer	M4.2	ALK, ROS1, RET, MET (Ex14 skipping), NTRK1/2/3,	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Melanoma	M7.1	BRAF, KIT, NRAS	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Melanoma	M7.3	NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour	M8.1	KIT, PDGFRA, BRAF	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour	M8.2	NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Glioma	Specify	IDH1/2, BRAF, CDKN2A, EGFR, TP53, ATRX, TERT, VHL, YAP1	DNA (SNV, CNA)
<input type="checkbox"/> Glioma	Specify	BRAF, MYC, EGFRvIII, NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thyroid Cancer	Specify	BRAF, KRAS, NRAS, HRAS, RET	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thyroid Cancer	Specify	RET	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other DNA Indication	Specify	Specify if known	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other RNA Indication	Specify	Specify if known	RNA (FUSION)



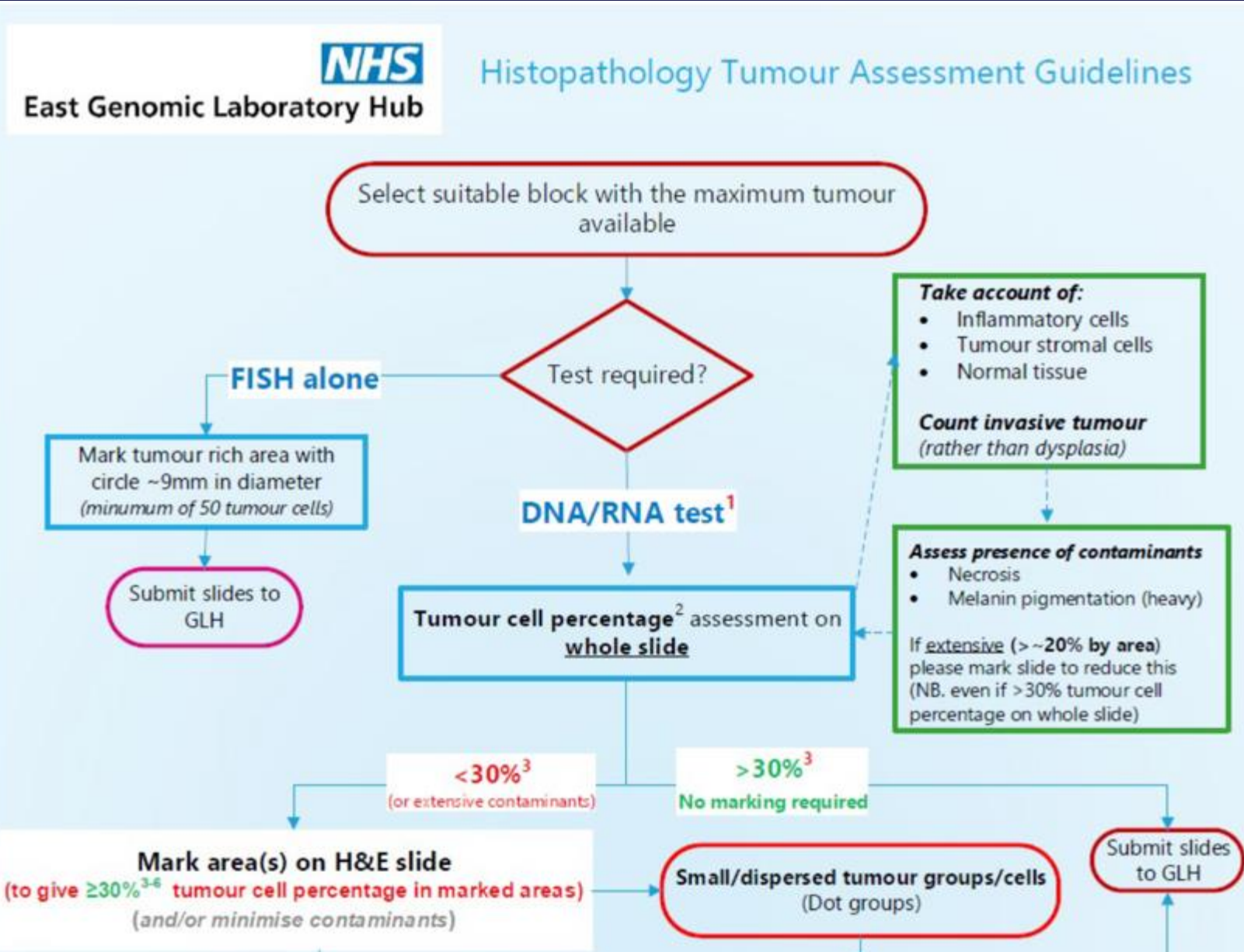
Molecular Testing in Cancer

FISH (tick required box)			
CLINICAL INDICATION	GENES	CLINICAL INDICATION	GENES
<input type="checkbox"/> Neuroblastoma	MYCN, TOP2A, 11q22,3 (ATM), 1p36	<input type="checkbox"/> Inflammatory Myofibroblastic Tumour	ALK
<input type="checkbox"/> Ewing's Sarcoma	EWSR1	<input type="checkbox"/> Angiosarcoma	MYC
<input type="checkbox"/> Rhabdomyosarcoma	FOXO1, PAX3, PAX7	<input type="checkbox"/> Oligodendroglioma	1p36, 19q13
<input type="checkbox"/> Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberans	PDGFB	<input type="checkbox"/> Medulloblastoma	MYC, MYCN
<input type="checkbox"/> Synovial Sarcoma	SS18	<input type="checkbox"/> Gender Identification	CEP X/Y
<input type="checkbox"/> Infantile Fibrosarcoma	ETV6	<input type="checkbox"/> Non Small Cell Lung Cancer	ALK, ROS1
<input type="checkbox"/> Liposarcoma / Osteosarcoma	MDM2	<input type="checkbox"/> Renal Cell Carcinoma	TFE3
<input type="checkbox"/> Alveolar Soft Part Sarcoma	TFE3	<input type="checkbox"/> Mammary Analogue Secretory Carcinoma of Salivary	ETV6

OTHER ASSAYS (tick required box)	
ASSAY	CLINICAL INDICATION
<input type="checkbox"/> Microsatellite Instability	Specify if known
<input type="checkbox"/> MGMT Promoter Methylation	Specify if known
<input type="checkbox"/> MLH1 Promoter Methylation	Specify if known
<input type="checkbox"/> Tissue Identity Testing (STR Genotyping)	Specify if known

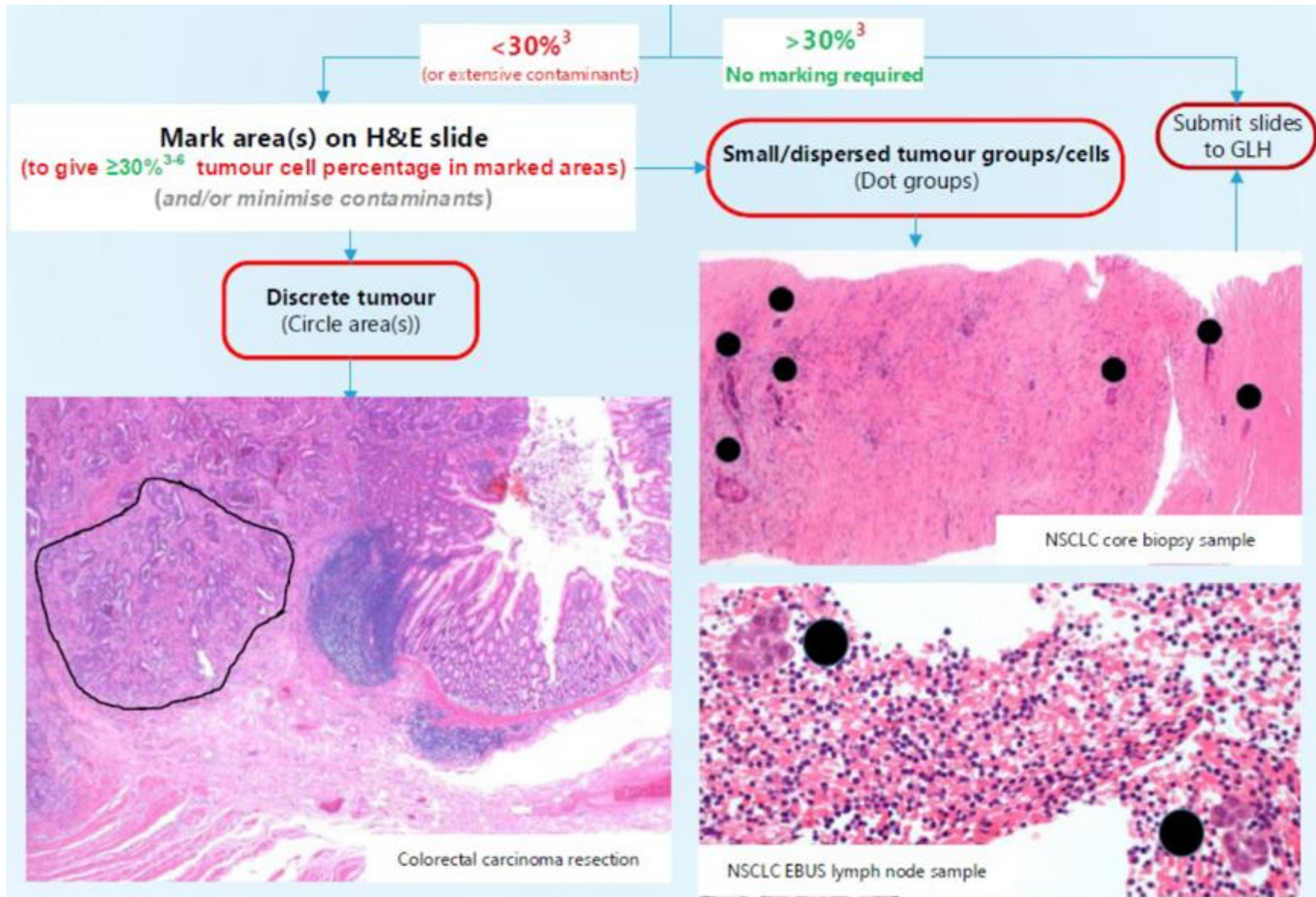


Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer





Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer





Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

Today's Challenges and Barriers for NGS Implementation in a Broader Lab Spectrum

Too slow



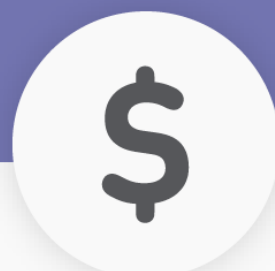
Requires days and often weeks to get the results

Too complex



High level of user expertise required to run NGS
Modular workflows requiring multiple instruments and touchpoints

Too costly



Cost of hiring and training staff
Cost penalty for running small sample batches

Too limited



Tissue requirements / QNS (quantity not sufficient) related failures

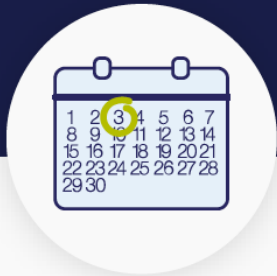


Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

Oncomine Precision Assay on Ion Torrent Genexus System

A new generation solution for genomic profiling

Fast



Single day
sample-to-report.

Hands free



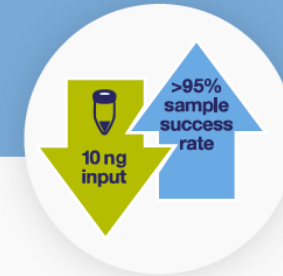
2 touch points and only 10
min of hands-on time.

Cost saving



No more need to batch
samples across multiple
sequencing runs.

Tissue saving



Minimum sample
requirement
Maximum results obtained.



Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

Genexus System—Tomorrow's Specimen-to-Report NGS Workflow

Genexus Software

Nucleic acid purification
and quantitation*

Ion Torrent™ Genexus™
Purification System (Available 2020)



2 hour turnaround time
12 FFPE (DNA and RNA)
6 Plasma

Library preparation to
variant interpretation

Report*

Ion Torrent™ Genexus™
Integrated Sequencer (Available November 2019)

**Ion Torrent™
GX5™ Chip:**
12–15M
reads/lane



14 hours for a single-lane run
(approx. 24 to 30 hours for full chip)
Up to 32 Samples per run

- FFPE tissue
- Frozen tissue
- Bone marrow
- Whole blood
- PBL
- Urine
- Saliva



Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

Oncomine Precision Assay Gene Content

DNA hotspots			CNV	Inter-genetic fusions		Intra-genetic fusions
AKT1	ESR1	MAP2K2	ALK	ALK	NTRK2	AR
AKT2	FGFR1	MET	AR	BRAF	NTRK3	BRAF
AKT3	FGFR2	MTOR	CD274	ESR1	NUTM1	EGFR
ALK	FGFR3	NRAS	CDKN2A	FGFR1	RET	MET
AR	FGFR4	NTRK1	EGFR	FGFR2	ROS1	
ARAF	FLT3	NTRK2	ERBB2	FGFR3	RSPO2	
BRAF	GNA11	NTRK3	ERBB3	MET	RSPO3	
CDK4	GNAQ	PDGFRA	FGFR1	NRG1		
CDKN2A	GNAS	PIK3CA	FGFR2	NTRK1		
CHEK2	HRAS	PTEN	FGFR3			
CTNNB1	IDH1	RAF1	KRAS			
EGFR	IDH2	RET	MET			
ERBB2	KIT	ROS1	PIK3CA			
ERBB3	KRAS	SMO	PTEN			
ERBB4	MAP2K1	TP53				



Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

SOLID CANCER REQUEST FORM V1

Molecular Diagnostics
City Campus
Nottingham University Hospitals
Hucknall Road
Nottingham
NG5 1PB

Genomics and Molecular Medicine
Nottingham University Hospital NHS Trust

Tel: 0115 969 1169 x77711
E-mail:
nuhnt.molecular.diagnostics@nhs.net
Website:
<https://www.nuh.nhs.uk/molecular-diagnostics>

SOLID CANCER GENOMIC TEST ORDER FORM

PATIENT DETAILS		REFERRER INFORMATION	
SURNAME		REFERRING HOSPITAL	
FORENAME		REFERRER NAME	
DOB		DEPARTMENT	
NHS NO.		CONTACT E-MAIL	
HOSPITAL NO.		CONTACT PHONE	
SEX	<input type="checkbox"/> MALE <input type="checkbox"/> FEMALE <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER	REQUEST DATE	
SPECIMEN INFORMATION			
SPECIMEN NO		SPECIMEN TYPE	
BLOCK NO		TISSUE SITE	
DIAGNOSIS		COLLECTION DATE	
TISSUE TYPE	<input type="checkbox"/> PRIMARY <input type="checkbox"/> METASTASIS	<input type="checkbox"/> BIOPSY <input type="checkbox"/> RESECTION <input type="checkbox"/> CYTOLOGY	
REFERRAL TYPE	<input type="checkbox"/> DIAGNOSTIC <input type="checkbox"/> TREATMENT-REFLEX <input type="checkbox"/> TREATMENT-OTHER		
% TUMOUR CELLS	<input type="checkbox"/> <20% <input type="checkbox"/> 20-30% <input type="checkbox"/> 30-50% <input type="checkbox"/> 50-70% <input type="checkbox"/> >70%		
CELLULARITY	<input type="checkbox"/> VERY LOW <input type="checkbox"/> LOW <input type="checkbox"/> INTERMEDIATE <input type="checkbox"/> HIGH		



Molecular Testing in Breast Cancer

NGS PANEL TESTING (tick required box)			
CLINICAL INDICATION	TEST CODE ^Δ	GENES SCREENED	ASSAY
<input type="checkbox"/> Colorectal Cancer	M1.1*	BRAF, KRAS, NRAS	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Colorectal Cancer	M1.6	NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Non Small Cell Lung Cancer	M4.1	ALK, BRAF, EGFR, KRAS, MET	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Non Small Cell Lung Cancer	M4.2	ALK, ROS1, RET, MET (Ex14 skipping), NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Melanoma	M7.1	BRAF, KIT, NRAS	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Melanoma	M7.3	NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour	M8.1	KIT, PDGFRA	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour	M8.2	NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Breast Cancer	M3.6	PIK3CA	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Breast Cancer	M3.5	NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Glioma	Specify*	IDH1/2, BRAF, CDKN2A, EGFR, TP53	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Glioma	Specify*	BRAF, EGFRvIII, NTRK1/2/3	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thyroid Cancer	Specify*	BRAF, KRAS, NRAS, HRAS, RET, TP53	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thyroid Cancer	Specify*	NTRK1/2/3, RET, ALK	RNA (FUSION)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other DNA Indication	Specify*	Specify from Genexus OPA Panel	DNA (SNV)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other RNA Indication	Specify*	Specify from Genexus OPA Panel	RNA (FUSION)



Example NGS Report

Sample Cancer Type: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Relevant Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Findings

Gene	Finding	Gene	Finding
ALK	Not detected	NRAS	Not detected
BRAF	Not detected	NTRK1	Not detected
EGFR	Not detected	NTRK2	Not detected
ERBB2	Not detected	NTRK3	Not detected
KRAS	Not detected	RET	<i>KIF5B-RET fusion</i>
MET	Not detected	ROS1	Not detected

Relevant Biomarkers

Tier	Genomic Alteration	Annotations
IA	<i>KIF5B-RET fusion</i> kinesin family member 5B - ret proto-oncogene Locus: chr10:32317356 - chr10:43612032
IIC	<i>PIK3CA G1049R</i> phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate 3-kinase catalytic subunit alpha Locus: chr3:178952090 Transcript: NM_006218.4



University of
Nottingham

UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

Thank You





ThermoFisher
SCIENTIFIC

Oncomine Precision Assay on Ion Torrent Genexus System

HKBCF x Novartis: Gene Testing Financial Assistance Program



ACT Genomics

- ACTDrug® +
- ACTMonitor® Breast
- ACTOnco® +

Hong Kong Molecular Pathology Diagnostic Centre

- Cancer Hotspot NGS Panel
- PIK3CA Hotspot Mutation Test (Blood)
- PIK3CA Hotspot Mutation Test (Tissue)

Hong Kong Sanatorium & Hospital

- **PIK3CA by Sanger sequencing**
- **PIK3CA by NGS**
- Somatic Breast Cancer Panel by NGS

Lucence Diagnostics

- Liquid HALLMARK
- Liquid MARK Breast
- **Liquid MARK single PIK3CA gene**
- Tissue 500
- Tissue HALLMARK
- Tissue MARK Breast
- **Tissue MARK single PIK3CA gene**

Roche

- FoundationOne CDx
- FoundationOne Liquid CDx

University Pathology Service, CUHK

- cfDNA PIK3CA test
- CUHK Somatic Mutation v3 Test for Solid Cancers (Tissue)
- Focused Mutation Panel for solid cancers (Tissue)
- PIK3CA gene hotspot mutation detection (Exon 7, 9 and 20)
- Roche Avenio surveillance mutation panel for solid cancers on peripheral blood (197 genes)
- small RNA fusion panel (15 genes)

Overview of the Hong Kong market

Background information and hands on experience

- Before the availability of alpelisib, standard therapies available for HR+/HER2- ABC do not require any molecular or genetic testing prior to treatment, hence precision medicine is not reflexive for most BC clinicians
- Low awareness on the prognostic value of PIK3CA mutation testing for breast cancer patients and how different genetic mutations can impact patient response to available treatments
- PIK3CA mutation testing is readily available through commercially available laboratories and in select government hospital pathology laboratories
 - Clinicians in private sector may opt to choose small or large panel NGS testing for affordable patients, resulting in patients being identified with PIK3CA mutation beyond HR+/HER2- aBC
- Government wide frontline testing using small panel (~52 gene) NGS will be rolled out for lung cancer in 2023 in phases, while plans for this in other solid tumour types are in discussion but pending

Proposed Topics to Discuss

- When and how to test?
- What genes would be important to test in breast cancer moving forward?
 - What genes would you include in a dedicated breast cancer panel?
- Best case sharing and learnings from UK on PIK3CA mutation testing and reimbursement of alpelisib

Proposed Panel Discussion Questions

- Considering the prognostic value of PIK3CA mutation for patients in breast cancer, should we be testing for it upon initial diagnosis rather than just for treatment decision in advanced setting?
- Breast cancer is highly heterogeneous, how can we better characterize the genomic profile or incorporate genetic testing into routine clinical practice for better patient outcomes?
- How can oncologists and pathologists work together to improve patient outcomes?

