



HER2 Testing in Gynecological Cancer

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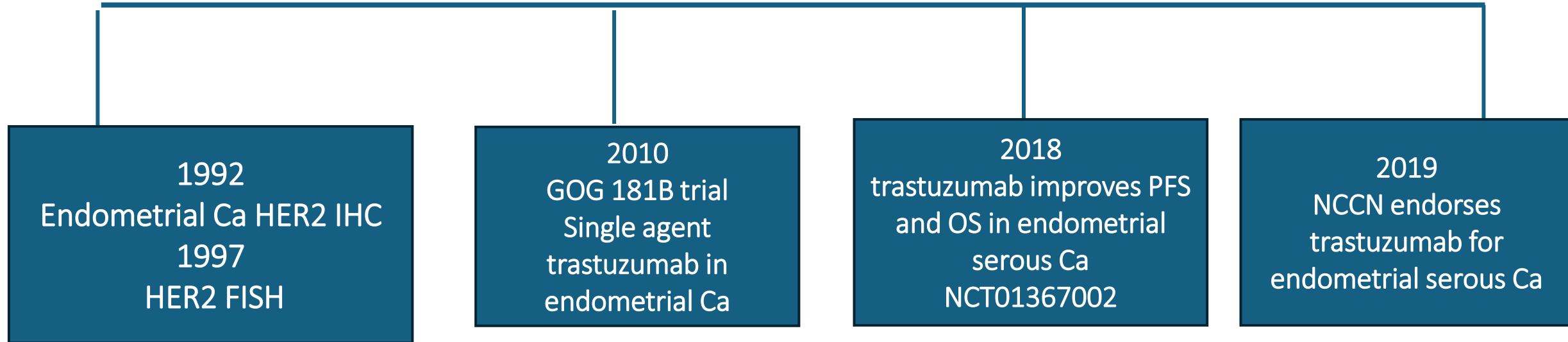
HER2, What Is It?

- Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)
 - A member of the EGFR family of transmembrane tyrosine kinases [HER1 (ERBB1), HER2 (ERBB2), HER3 (ERBB3), and HER4(ERBB4)]
 - Activation occurs as a result of dimerization of receptors (homo or heterodimerization)
 - Phosphorylation of the intracellular domains
 - Activation of various pathways involved in proliferation, survival, migration and differentiation

HER2, What Is It?

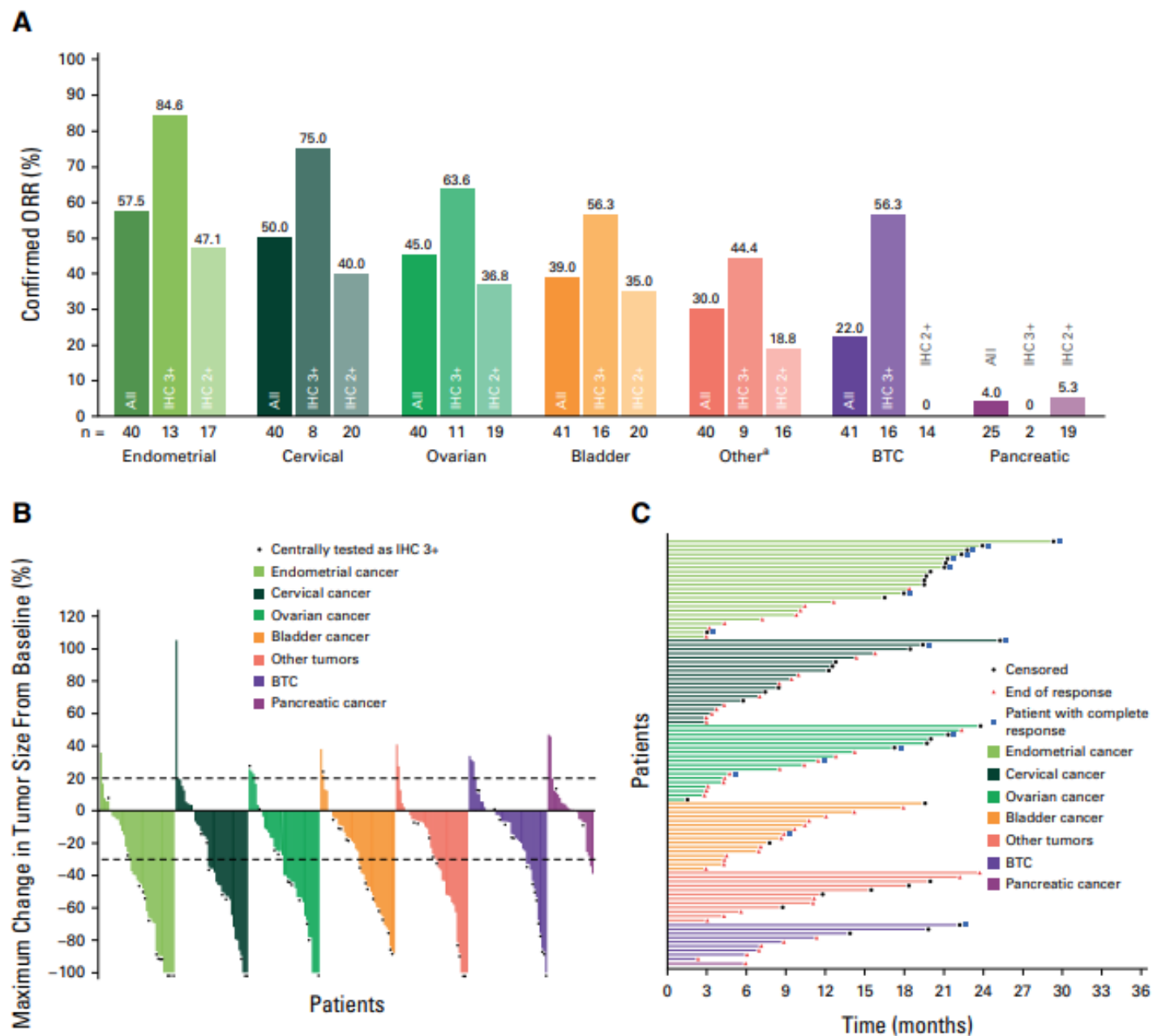
- Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)
 - HER2 is a preferred partner for heterodimer formation with HER1, HER3 and HER4
 - Heterodimers containing HER2 have a stronger and more diverse signaling potential than other receptor dimers
 - HER2 may apply its oncogenic capacity through
 - Overexpression of the wild-type form due to gene amplification
 - Transcriptional deregulation
 - Activating mutations

Her-2 and anti-Her2 agents in GYN Oncology, Timeline



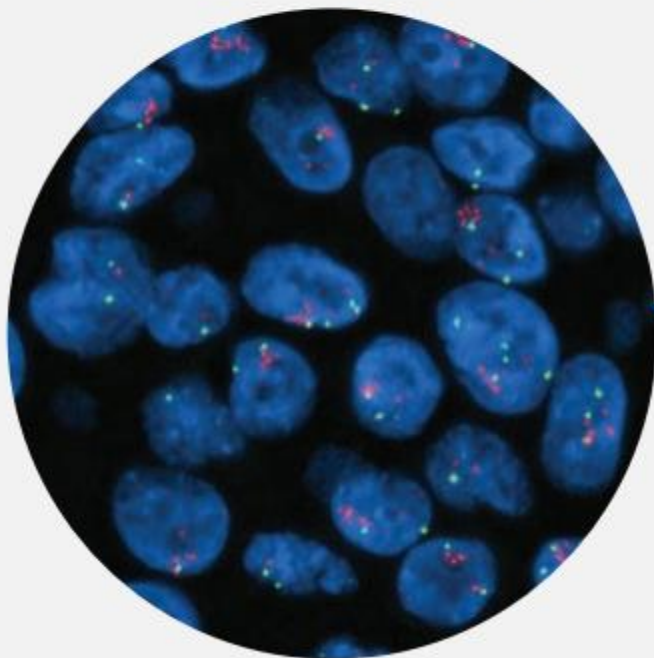
Her-2 and anti-Her2 agents in GYN Oncology, Timeline



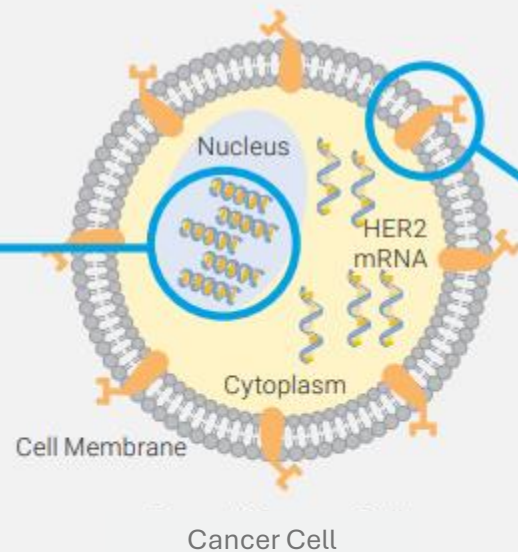
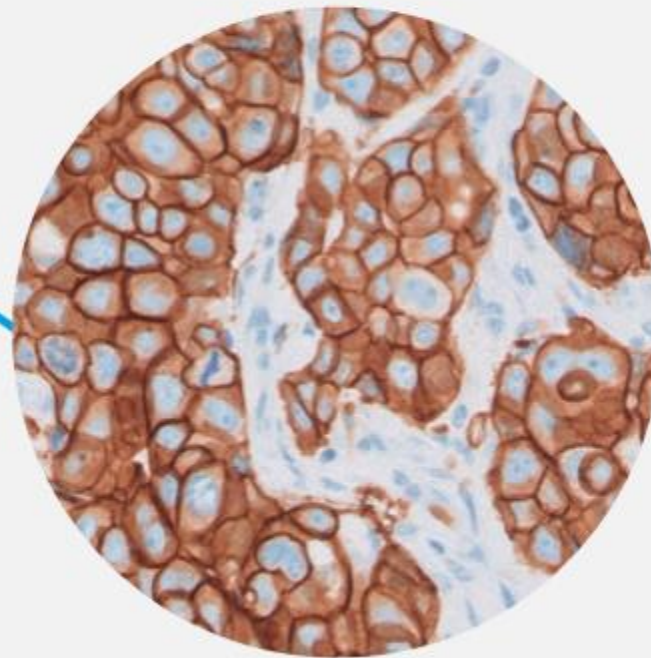


HER2, What Can We Test?

HER2 DNA (Target for ISH)



HER2 Protein (Target for IHC)



Modified from Hercep Test manual (Agilent)

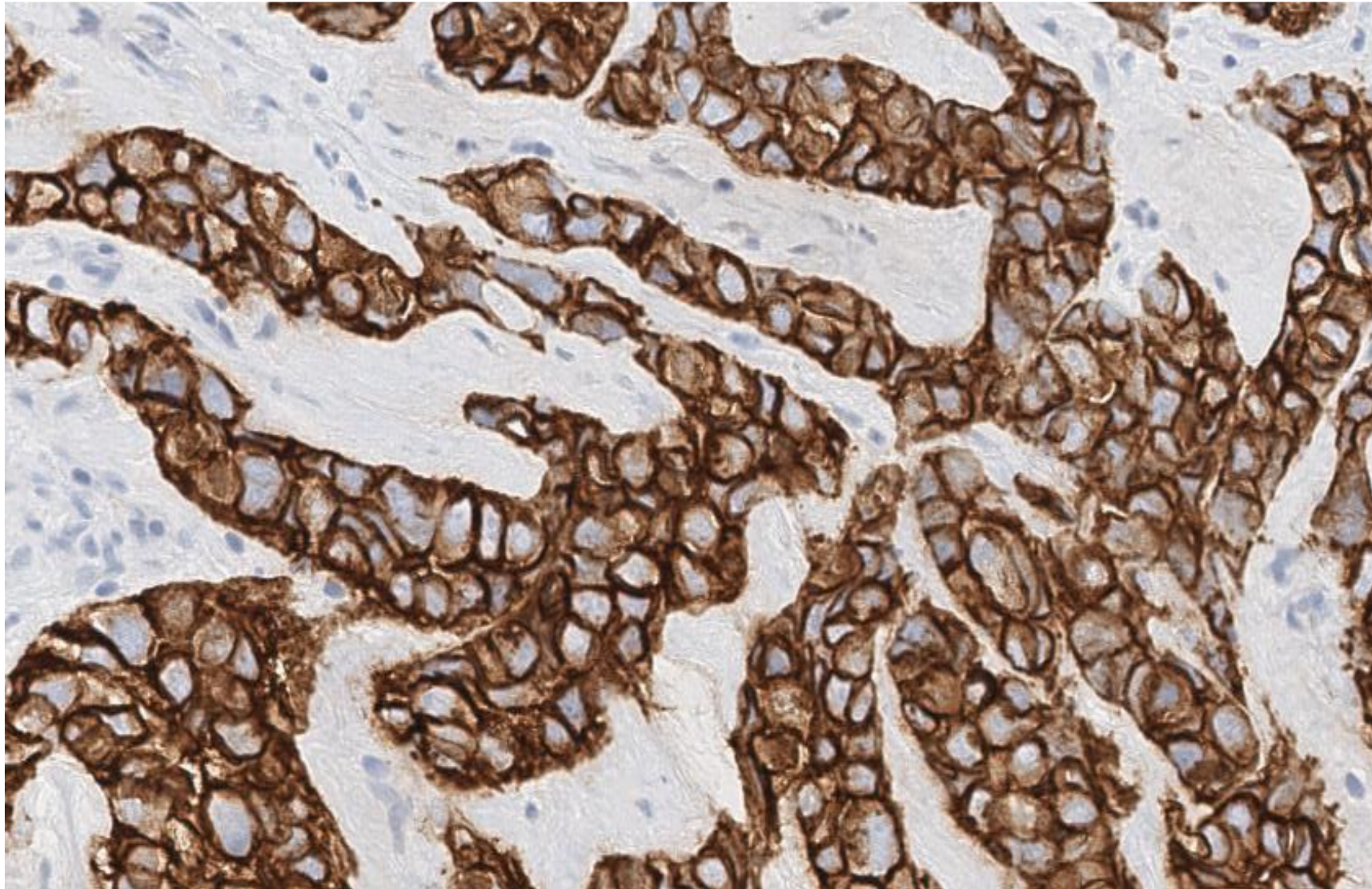
HER2, What Can We Test ?

- Next generation sequencing (NGS)
 - Not used as part of the guidelines
 - Activating HER2 mutations in endometrial Ca: 3.5 %, Cervical Ca: 3.3%, ovarian epithelial tumors: 0.7%
- Endometrial Ca
 - Concordance rate between NGS-IHC/ISH: 91.6% and 100%
 - Highest concordance rate seen in cohorts composed of HER2 negative tumors
 - Most discordant results in HER2 positive tumors most likely due to intratumoral heterogeneity

HER2, What tissue to test ?

Bx or surgical specimen

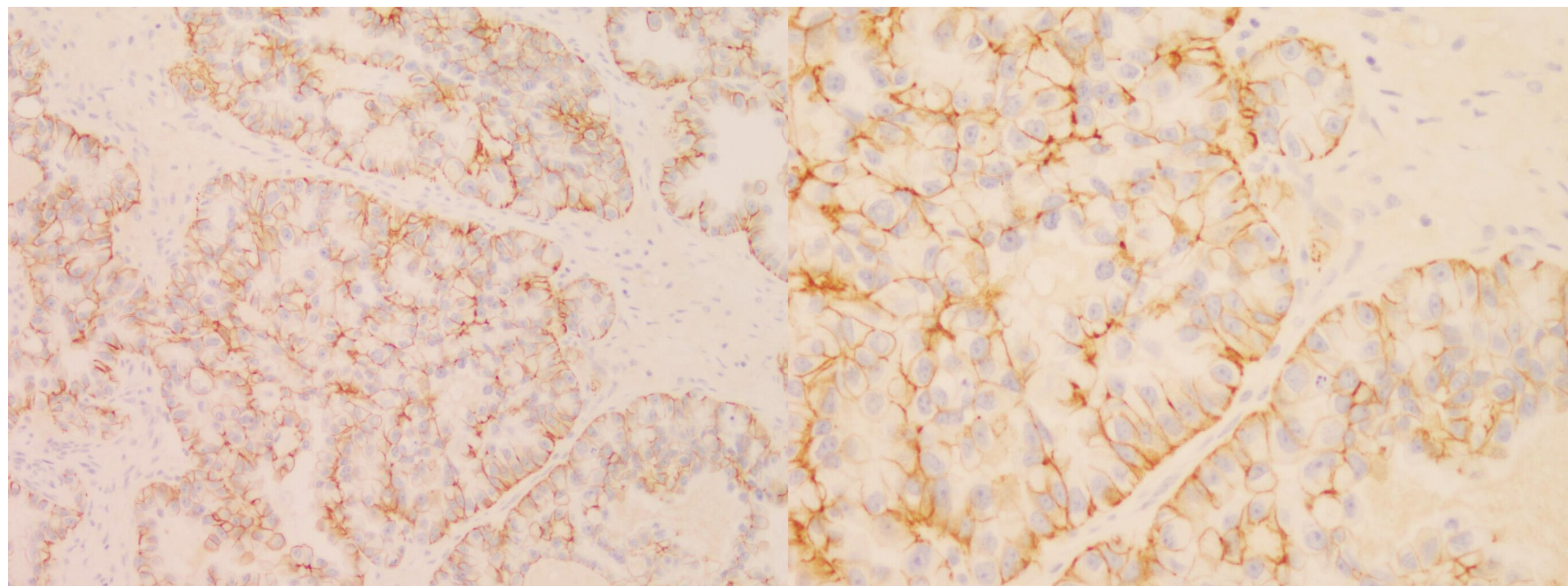
Testing multiple specimens is encouraged

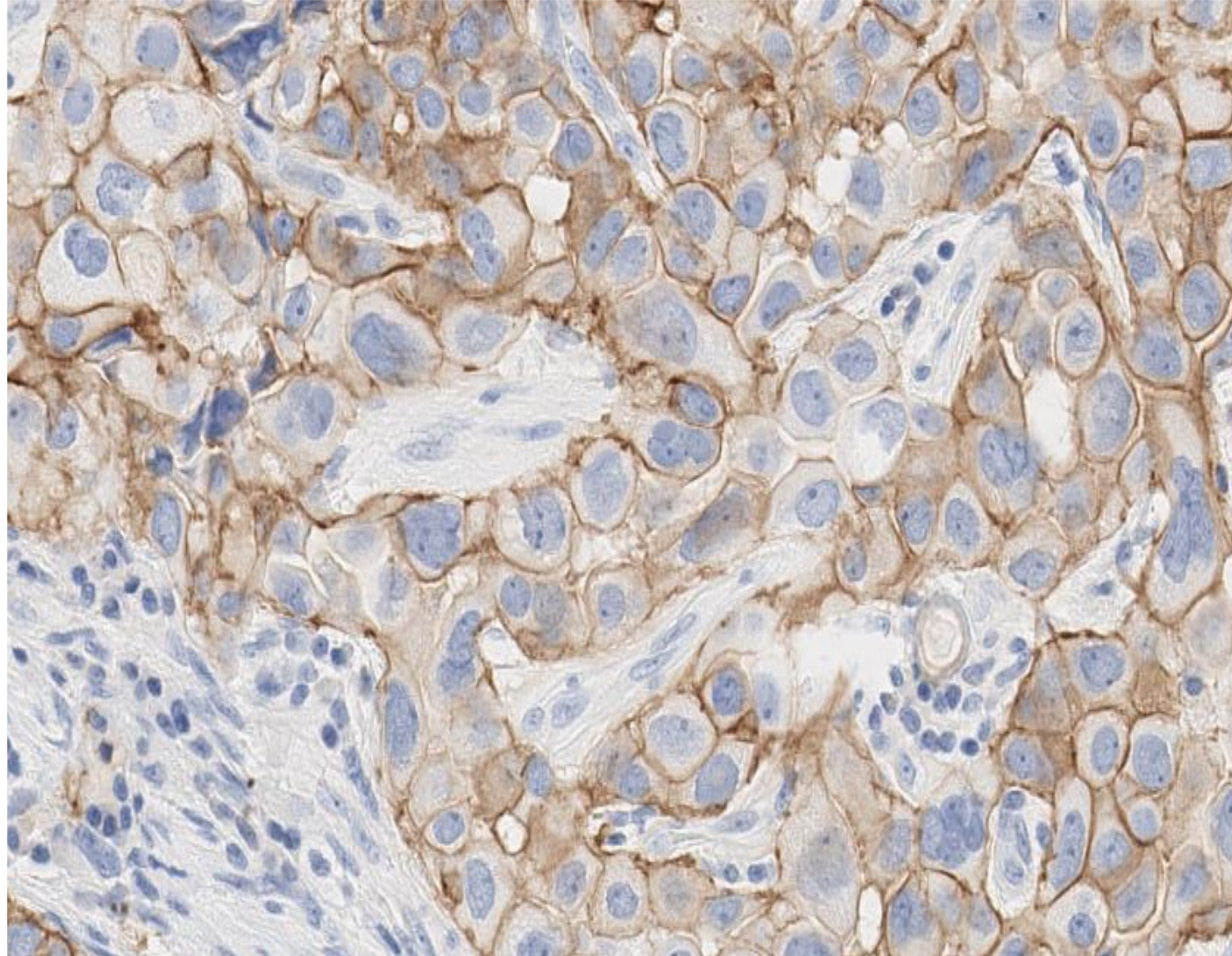


Her2 complete membranous, ring shape staining

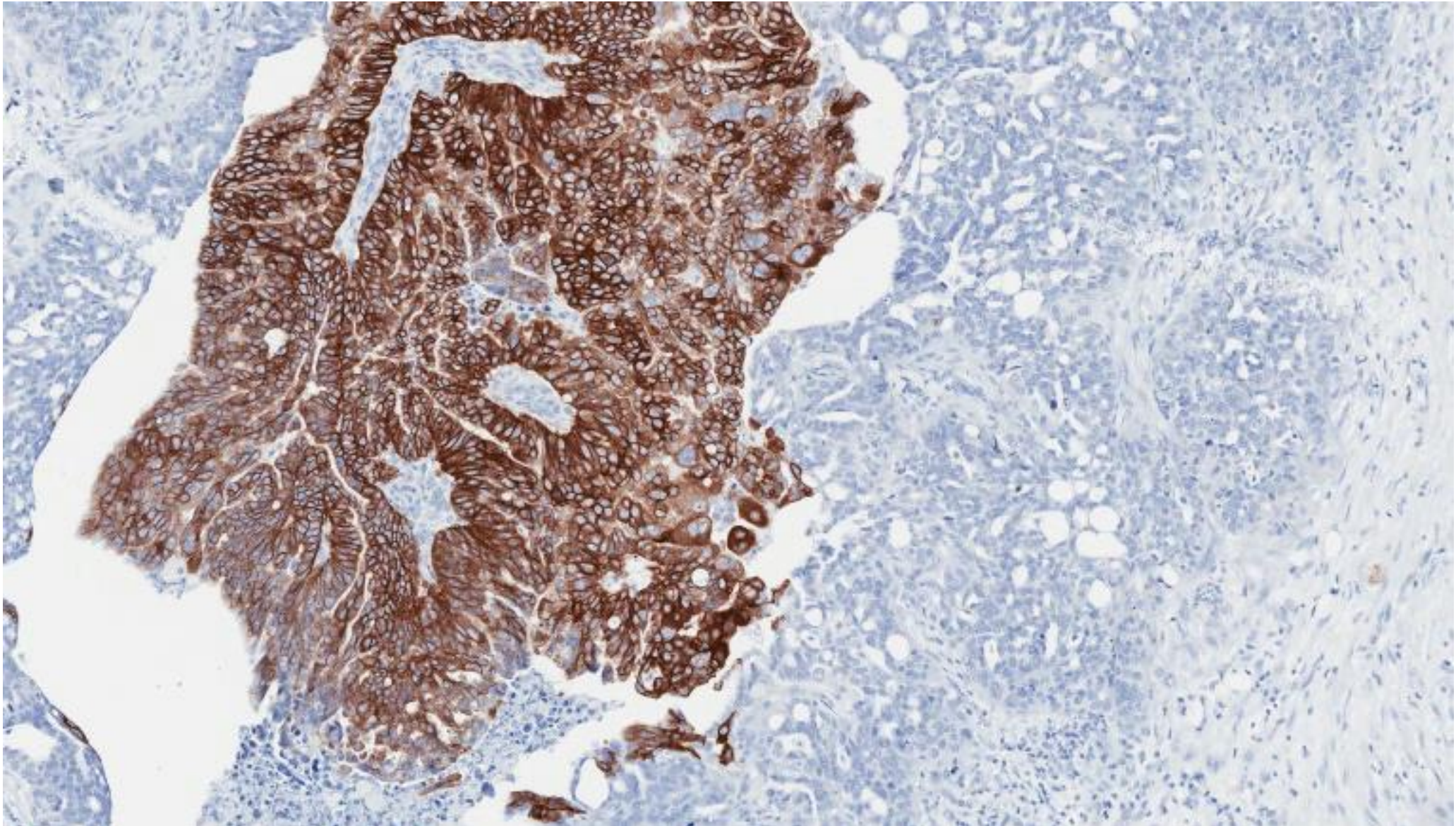
Clear cell carcinoma of the ovary

HER2 basolateral staining





Her2 membranous, combination of complete and basolateral staining



Her2 heterogeneous staining

**Template for Reporting Results of Biomarker Testing of
Specimens from Patients with Carcinoma of Gynecologic Origin**

Version: 1.2.0.0

Protocol Posting Date: December 2024

The use of this protocol is recommended for clinical care purposes but is not required for accreditation purposes.

Version Contributors

Cancer Committee Authors: Gulisa Turashvili, MD, PhD*, Anthony N. Kamezis, MD, PhD*

Other Expert Contributors: Barbara Crothers, DO, Giovanna Giannico, MD, Kristin Deeb, PhD, Krisztina Hanley, MD, Raji Ganesan, FRCPath, Anne Mills, MD, Natalia Buza, MD

* Denotes primary author.

For any questions or comments, contact: cancerprotocols@cap.org.

HER2 Status for Trastuzumab Use

- Negative (score 0) for protein overexpression
 - No staining in tumor cells

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HER2 Status for Trastuzumab Use

- Negative (score 1+) for protein overexpression *
- Incomplete membrane and faint/barely perceptible staining in any proportion of cells
- Complete and weak staining in <10 % of tumor cells

*Clinicians may ask you to sign the case as Her2 score 1+

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HER2 Status for Trastuzumab Use

- Equivocal (score 2+) for protein overexpression*
- Strong complete or basolateral/lateral membrane staining in $\leq 30\%$ of the cells
- Weak to moderate staining in $\geq 10\%$ of tumor cells

*Reflex Her2 FISH

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HER2 Status for Trastuzumab Use

- Positive (score 3+) for protein overexpression
- Strong complete or basolateral/lateral membrane staining in > 30% of the tumor cells

HER2 Status for Trastuzumab-Deruxtecan Use

- Different assessment criteria for biopsies and surgical specimens
- Tumor cell cluster: 5 or more tumor cells
- No HER2 FISH for equivocal cases (score 2+)

HER2 Status for Trastuzumab-Deruxtecan Use

- Negative (score 0) for protein overexpression
 - Bx
 - no staining in any tumor cells
 - Surgical specimen
 - no staining in any tumor cells
 - membrane staining in <10 % of tumor cells

HER2 Status for Trastuzumab-Deruxtecan Use

- Negative (score 1+) for protein overexpression*
- Bx
 - Tumor cell cluster with a faint/barely perceptible membrane staining irrespective of percentage of positive tumor cells
- Surgical specimen
 - Faint/barely perceptible, incomplete membrane staining in ≥ 10 % of tumor cells

*Clinicians may ask you to sign the case as Her2 score 1+

HER2 Status for Trastuzumab-Deruxtecan Use

- Equivocal (score 2+) for protein overexpression
 - Bx
 - Tumor cell cluster with a weak to moderate, complete, basolateral or lateral membrane staining irrespective of percentage of positive tumor cells
 - Surgical specimen
 - Weak to moderate, complete, basolateral or lateral membrane staining $\geq 10\%$ of tumor cells

HER2 Status for Trastuzumab-Deruxtecan Use

- Positive (score 3+) for protein overexpression
 - Bx
 - Tumor cell cluster with a strong, complete, basolateral or lateral membrane staining irrespective of percentage of positive tumor cells
 - Surgical specimen
 - Strong, complete, basolateral or lateral membrane staining in $\geq 10\%$ of tumor cells

Information to be included in the report

Test Type

- FDA cleared (specify test/ vendor)
- Laboratory-developed test
 - Non-US-based health system
 - Health Canada approved (specify test/vendor)
 - Other (specify)

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Primary Antibody

- 4B5
- HercepTest
- A0485
- SP3
- EP3
- CB11
- Other (specify)

Reporting Results of HER2 Testing by Dual-Probe Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization (FISH) for Trastuzumab Use

Result	Criteria (Dual-probe Assay)
Negative for <i>HER2</i> gene amplification	FISH <i>HER2/CEP17</i> ratio < 2.0 and average <i>HER2</i> copy number < 6 per nucleus
Positive for <i>HER2</i> gene amplification	FISH <i>HER2/CEP17</i> ratio ≥ 2.0 or FISH <i>HER2/CEP17</i> ratio < 2.0 and average <i>HER2</i> copy number ≥ 6 per nucleus

HER2 testing by FISH

- Heterogeneity at the genetic level may be encountered
 - A subset of tumor cells with gene amplification may be seen either as:
 - Group(s) of 20 or more cells (cluster amplification)
 - Isolated tumor cells (mosaic amplification)
- FISH signals should be counted in at least 20 contiguous tumor cells in conjunction with the highest protein expression by IHC
- Heterogeneity in *HER2* amplification should be reported when present

NCCN Guidelines Version 1.2025, Ovarian/Fallopian Tube/Peritoneal Cancer

Upfront setting

BRCA1/2 testing

Loss of heterozygosity (LOH)

Homologous recombination deficiency (HRD) status in the absence of a germline *BRCA* mutation

Recurrences

HER 2 status (by IHC)

BRCA1/2 testing

HRD status

Microsatellite instability

Mismatch repair proteins (MMR)

Tumor mutation burden (TMB)

BRAF

FOLR1

RET

NTRK

ESGO-ESMO-ESP consensus conference recommendations on ovarian cancer:
pathology and molecular biology and early, advanced and recurrent disease
Ledermann JA, et al. 2024

BRCA1/2 testing for high grade non-mucinous tubo-ovarian Ca

Routine testing for homologous recombination deficiency (HRD) is not required, but encouraged in the research setting

Genomic instability tests are recommended in pts with *BRCA* wild-type high grade non-mucinous tubo-ovarian Ca, FIGO stages III-IV

TCGA-based molecular classification can be considered to stratify ovarian endometrioid Ca

MMR IHC and/or MSI testing is recommended in ovarian endometrioid and clear cell Ca

HER2 status in mucinous Ca can be considered to identify pts who may benefit from HER2-targeted strategies

KRAS and *BRAF* mutational status in low grade serous Ca may be considered to identify pts who may benefit from targeted therapy

Ovarian Carcinoma, Her2 +

- Mucinous Ca, 20-38%
- Ca Endometrioid Ca, 9%
- Clear Cell Ca , 9%
- Carcinosarcoma, 7%
- High grade serous Ca, 1-6%
- Low grade serous Ca, 0%

NCCN Guidelines Version 3.2025, Endometrial Carcinoma

Initial Dx

- MMR
 - IHC
 - MLH1 Loss
 - MLH1 promoter methylation
- p53 IHC
- POLE status
- HER2, advanced stage:
 - Serous Ca
 - Carcinosarcoma
 - p53 aberrant Ca
- ER, PR stages III or IV

Recurrence

- ER, PR
- HER2:
 - Serous Ca
 - Carcinosarcoma
 - p53 aberrant Ca
- Tumor mutation burden (TMB)
- *NTRK* fusion

HER2 in Endometrial Carcinoma, Carcinosarcoma

- Serous Ca, 25%-30% of cases are HER2 + using the endometrial scoring system for IHC
 - Some cases with heterogeneity, show HER2 overexpression or amplification in the myoinvasive component or intravascular tumor
 - >90% of HER2 amplified endometrial carcinomas have *TP53* mutations
 - Carcinosarcoma, 15% to 18% of cases are HER2 +

NCCN Guidelines Version 4.2025, Cervical Cancer

Initial Dx

- HPV status in AdenoCas
 - ISH or molecular testing
 - p16 is acceptable
- HER 2, advanced stage

Progressive or recurrent disease

- PD-L1
- HER 2
- NGS
- MMR
- TMB
- *NTRK* fusion
- *RET* fusion

HER2 in Cervical Carcinoma

- Squamous Ca, 4.1 % to 5.5% of cases HER2 + IHC
- AdenoCa, 12.5 % of cases (HPV-associated) HER2 + IHC
 - HER2 overexpression in 3.8% of gastric type adenocarcinoma
- TCGA report, HER2 amplification in cervical Ca , 17% of cases
 - More common in adenoCa than in squamous Ca

NCCN Guidelines Version 1.2025, Vulvar Cancer

Initial Dx

- HPV status
 - ISH or molecular testing
 - p16 is acceptable
- p53
- HER2, advanced stage

Progressive or recurrent disease

- PD-L1
- HER2
- NGS
- MMR
- TMB
- *NTRK* fusion

HER2 in Vulvar Carcinoma

Squamous Ca, 1% to 2% of the cases HER2 +

Paget's disease, 15% to 58% of the cases HER2+
Invasive >non-invasive

